

一周市场总结

股市在年初进入了"暂停模式",这是对2023年底两个月急剧上涨的正常消化。从技术上讲,这是合理的,因为标普500指数触及了2022年1月的前高点,而短期内的快速上涨使得许多领域超买。我们还面临着市场试图权衡经济软着陆的可能性和更宽松的美联储政策的前景。投资者情绪在年初是乐观的,市场普遍预计将在3月进行第一次降息(并在未来一年内降息6次),同时经济实现软着陆。在我们看来,这可能有一点过度乐观,而市场情绪在过去两周有所降温。

本周全球多位央行官员试图对市场快速并大幅降息的预期降温。他们不希望市场过早抢跑,这可能会有损通胀方面取得的一些进展。他们还希望避免由于过快降息而导致可能的政策反复。在2024年,我们相信美联储可能会在通胀下降并关注支持经济(和就业)的同时逐步降息,但我们也认为市场最近调低一些乐观情绪也是正确的,因为美联储可能会比市场预期的走得慢。

除了监测经济数据外,第四季度的财报季也已开始,为投资者提供了对公司基本面和预期趋势的新看法。来自银行的信息表明,经济方面仍然具有挑战性,这与在财报季前期由一些全球公司(如联邦快递和耐克)发出的低迷预测相一致。标普500指数第四季度的盈利预期在过去几个月已经下降了8%,从股价反应的早期迹象来看,股市在2023年末的大涨之后,2024年要取得好的表现的门槛更高。本周将有22家标普500指数公司发布财报,接下来的一周将有65家,再下一周将有82家(包括大型科技公司在内)。

在财报季过程中,我们不仅将密切关注公司的评论,还将关注其股价反应,特别是与潜在的市场轮动有关的趋势。我们希望看到许多"被忽略"的领域在2023年底的表现改善能够发展成为可持续的上行趋势,推动市场广度的增加。例如"平均"标普500股票、小盘股、银行、房地产、消费者耐用品股票等,它们正在消化最近的一些涨幅,这是一个良好的买入机会还是仍然会在区间内波动?鉴于它们在过去一年中表现较差、估值相对较低,并初步显示出技术面改善的迹象,我们将利用最近的盘整作为在这些我们看好的领域上逐步投资的机会。如果这些指数能够在价格上保持在其移动平均线以上,并在相对强度的最近低点以上,我们对更广泛的市场参与的信心将会增强。

Equity Market	Price Return			
Indices	Year to Date	12 Months		
Dow Jones Industrial Avg	-4.6%	1.5%		
S&P 500	-0.1%	19.2%		
S&P 500 (Equal-Weighted)	-1.8%	3.9%		
NASDAQ Composite	-0.4%	34.9%		
Russell 2000	-4.9%	2.1%		
MSCI All-Cap World	-1.1%	12.7%		
MSCI Developed Markets	-1.9%	5.4%		
MSCI Emerging Markets	-4.3%	-4.9%		
NYSE Alerian MLP	1.4%	12.6%		
MSCI U.S. REIT	-1.1%	1.8%		
S&P 500	Price Return	Sector		
The second of th		The surface was all as		
Sectors	Year to Date	Weighting		
Sectors Health Care	Year to Date 2.4%	Weighting 12.9%		
Control ME NO 1990	22 (27)	100000 1000000		
Health Care	2.4%	12.9%		
Health Care Communication Svcs.	2.4% 1.8%	12.9% 8.7%		
Health Care Communication Svcs. Information Technology	2.4% 1.8% 1.0%	12.9% 8.7% 29.2%		
Health Care Communication Svcs. Information Technology Consumer Staples	2.4% 1.8% 1.0% 0.7%	12.9% 8.7% 29.2%		
Health Care Communication Svcs. Information Technology Consumer Staples S&P 500	2.4% 1.8% 1.0% 0.7% -0.1%	12.9% 8.7% 29.2% 6.2%		
Health Care Communication Svcs. Information Technology Consumer Staples S&P 500 Financials	2.4% 1.8% 1.0% 0.7% -0.1% -0.8%	12.9% 8.7% 29.2% 6.2% - 12.9%		
Health Care Communication Svcs. Information Technology Consumer Staples S&P 500 Financials Utilities	2.4% 1.8% 1.0% 0.7% -0.1% -0.8% -1.1%	12.9% 8.7% 29.2% 6.2% - 12.9% 2.3%		
Health Care Communication Svcs. Information Technology Consumer Staples S&P 500 Financials Utilities Real Estate	2.4% 1.8% 1.0% 0.7% -0.1% -0.1% -1.1% -1.5%	12.9% 8.7% 29.2% 6.2% - 12.9% 2.3%		
Health Care Communication Svcs. Information Technology Consumer Staples S&P 500 Financials Utilities Real Estate Consumer Discretionary	2.4% 1.8% 1.0% 0.7% -0.1% -0.8% -1.1% -1.5%	12.9% 8.7% 29.2% 6.2% - 12.9% 2.3% 2.3% 10.6%		

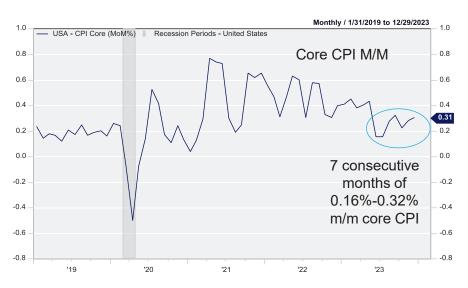
Source: FactSet

宏观 (美国)

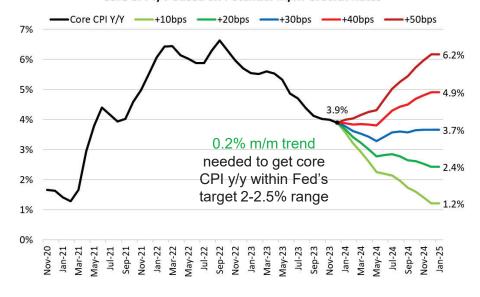
虽然12月整体和核心CPI(居民消费价格指数)略高于预期(环比0.3%),但不太可能改变现状。通胀正在走上更好的轨道,我们已经连续七个月看到核心CPI呈现出"正常"的环比增长趋势。此外,一些领先指标(如12月PPI)表明通胀应该会继续下降。这在一定程度上为美联储和投资者提供了关于通胀的一些安慰,我们认为2024年的焦点将转向经济。目前,经济表现出韧性,12月份的零售销售远超预期,而1月份的房地产数据在利率最近回落的支持下反弹,支持了软着陆的说法。然而,我们不能完全忽视许多传统的领先经济指标仍在发出警告的迹象。

Event	Period	Actual	Consensus	Prior
CPI ex-Food & Energy SA M/M	DEC	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%
CPI ex-Food & Energy NSA Y/Y	DEC	3.9%	3.8%	4.0%
Continuing Jobless Claims SA	12/30	1,834K	1,878K	1,868K
CPI SA M/M	DEC	0.30%	0.20%	0.10%
CPI NSA Y/Y	DEC	3.4%	3.2%	3.1%
Hourly Earnings SA M/M (Final)	DEC	0.40%	-	0.40%
Hourly Earnings Y/Y (Final)	DEC	4.1%	-	4.1%
Initial Claims SA	01/06	202.0K	205.0K	203.0K
Treasury Budget NSA	DEC	-\$129.4B	-\$52.4B	-\$314.0B
PPI ex-Food & Energy SA M/M	DEC	0.0%	0.20%	0.0%
PPI ex-Food & Energy NSA Y/Y	DEC	1.8%	2.0%	2.0%
PPI SA M/M	DEC	-0.10%	0.20%	-0.10%
PPI NSA Y/Y	DEC	0.98%	1.4%	0.78%
Export Price Index NSA M/M	DEC	-0.90%	-0.60%	-0.90%
Import Price Index NSA M/M	DEC	0.0%	-0.40%	-0.50%
Retail sales ControlGroup SA M/M	DEC	0.76%	0.30%	0.47%
Retail sales Ex AutoFuel SA M/M	DEC	0.60%	0.20%	0.64%
Retail Sales ex-Auto SA M/M	DEC	0.40%	0.20%	0.24%
Retail Sales SA M/M	DEC	0.60%	0.40%	0.35%
Capacity Utilization NSA	DEC	78.6%	78.7%	78.6%
Industrial Production SA M/M	DEC	0.10%	-0.10%	0.0%
Manufacturing Production M/M	DEC	0.07%	-0.05%	0.25%
Business Inventories SA M/M	NOV	-0.10%	-0.10%	-0.10%
NAHB Housing Market Index SA	JAN	44.0	38.0	37.0

Source: FactSet



Core CPI Y/Y Based on Potential M/M Growth Rates





基本面

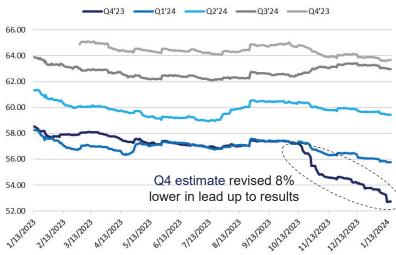
第四季度财报季已经开始,为投资者提供了公司基本面和预期趋势的新视角。从银行传来的信息表明,经济面仍然具有挑战性,这与财报季之前一些全球公司的疲弱预期(例如联邦快递和耐克)一致。

标普500指数第四季度的盈利预期在过去几个月已经下降了8%,环比盈利预期将下降-9.4%。预计唯一一个显示正向环比盈利增长的行业是科技行业。 尽管盈利超过预期的门槛较低,但从股价反应来看,股票在经历了2023年末的大幅上涨后,2024年表现好的门槛可能更高。例如,72%的公司在财报后平均下跌了2.1%。

在财报季期间,我们不仅将密切关注公司的评论,还将关注其股价走势,特别是与潜在市场轮动相关的走势。我们希望看到2023年末许多"被忽视"领域的改善能够持续,使市场广度进一步增加。

本周将有22家标普500指数公司发布财报,接下来的一周将有65家公司发布财报,再下一周将有82家公司发布财报(包括科技巨头)。

S&P 500 Quarterly Earnings Estimates



	% Q4 Est. EPS Growth		% EPS # of Companies Reporting			Est. Chg Since 12/31/23			
S&P 500 Sector	Y/Y	Q/Q	Surprise	Positive	Inline	Negative	Q4'23	2024	2025
S&P 500	0.2	-9.4	-7.1	24	3	7	-1.8%	-0.3%	-0.1%
Information Technology	15.7	10.0	3.6	5	0	0	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Real Estate	0.5	-1.8	-	-	-	-	-0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Communication Services	46.0	-3.0	-	-	-	-	-0.4%	-0.1%	-0.2%
Industrials	-3.1	-6.0	1.6	2	1	1	0.0%	0.0%	-0.3%
Consumer Staples	0.0	-7.5	5.6	6	0	0	0.2%	-0.2%	-0.1%
Health Care	-20.3	-9.5	-2.4	1	0	1	0.2%	-0.1%	-0.1%
Energy	-29.2	-13.7	-	-	-	-	-2.9%	-5.3%	-2.5%
Materials	-22.4	-17.2	-	-	-	-	-2.4%	0.5%	0.9%
Utilities	30.6	-22.3	-	-	-	-	-0.3%	-0.2%	0.1%
Financials	-13.1	-24.2	-19.0	4	1	5	-9.4%	0.4%	0.2%
Consumer Discretionary	23.4	-25.7	8.9	6	1	0	0.1%	0.2%	0.7%

Source: FactSet



技术面



股市在年初处于"暂停模式",我们认为这是对2023年底两个月17%的急剧上涨的正常消化。

从技术面上讲,这种暂停是合理的,因为标普500指数达到了2022年1月的先前高点,而这次快速上涨使得许多领域在短期内被超买。

投资者应该注意到价格与相对强弱指数 (RSI)之间出现了负背离。价格最近测试了12月份的高点,而RSI仍然牢固地保持在中性领域。我们不需要对这样的背离过份悲观,但它可能表明市场在恢复上涨之前需要更多时间来消化11月和12月的涨幅。这一看法与投资者调低对软着陆和美联储降息方面的预期是一致的。

我们将密切关注4637-4600附近作为潜在 支撑区域。该区域与从10月份的低点到 23%的斐波那契回撤水平相吻合,还与50 天移动平均线和7月份的高点相吻合。另 一方面,初步阻力可以在最近的高点(约 4810)。

Source: FactSet



滞后的领域正试图转强

自去年三月银行业危机以来,市场的广度一直很狭窄。如下图所示,标普等权重指数和小盘股的相对表现自那时以来一直呈下降趋势。随着过去几个月对软着陆和更宽松货币政策的乐观情绪逐渐增强,相对强度也在试图改善。然而,要建立可持续的超额表现还需要大量工作。这两个指数在过去一年中基本上都是在区间内波动。鉴于它们大幅跑输大盘、具有吸引力的估值和初步的技术面改善迹象,我们将利用最近的盘整阶段作为在我们看好的领域中逐步买入的机会。如果这些指数能够保持在它们的价格移动平均线和相对强度的近期低点之上,我们对于更广泛市场参与的信心将会增强。





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